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40_P

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Labour Finance Minister Quinn, refused to meet with lobby groups in the run up to this year's budget. Was this a minister practising "new ethics", refusing to bend to pressure?

No, Quinn was refusing to do for nothing something that the Labour Party could charge £100 a head for.

POLITICIANS FOR SALE



Eithne Fitzgerald. Junior Labour Minister. who introduced Labour's much vaunted ethics bill while in government! She organised a £100 a head lunch to help raise Labour Party funds for tax consultants and accountants to meet Finance Minister Ruairi Quinn.



Interview with Militant Labour Councillor Joe Higgins
- see centre pages.

The North - No Going Back - Page 3

Suffer the Little Children, abuse and intolerance in Catholic Ireland

- Page 2 Anti Water Charges Campaign - Page 5 Joan Burton, Junior Labour Minister, organised a £100 a head lunch for business people to meet Ruairi Quinn, Finance Minister in the Burlington hotel on 26th January in aid of Labour Party funds.



Michael Noonan, Fine Gael Minister for Health, sent out invitations on Government headed note paper to a £100 a head dinner in aid of Fine Gael. Doctors were particularly targeted.

"A REAL opportunity to meet the minister in a semi-formal environment", is how Eithne Fitzgerald described her offer to tax consultants and accountants. She goes on to point out the minister "is currently finalising the Finance Bill for 1996".

It couldn't be put more clearly! This is an invitation to buy influence, to bend the minister's ear in favour of wealthy tax dodgers. Noonan's invitation to doctors is an invitation to bend his ear to ensure that the health service continues to serve the

care professionals, rather than the interests of health care workers and patients.

care workers and patients.
So much for democracy. If everproof were needed that people like Larry Goodman, hig business and the wealthy in general, can buy and sell governments then this is it.

So much for Labour

"ethics in government". Dick Spring's Labour Party now has as much relationship to the party founded by James Connolly and Jim Larkin as would most PAYE workers to £100 a head lunches in Dublin's top hotels.

DUBLIN WEST BY-ELECTION

PUT HIM IN TO PUT THEM OUT

"IT LOOKED like her time was mad been burned to the bone. You could have put your fingers into the holes." - This is the description by a father of his 11 month old daughter's dead body after four days in the Goldenbridge orphanage in 1955.

The revelations of life inside the misnamed Little Sisters of Mercy orphanages in the 1950s evoked horror amongst people everywhere. Christine Buckley whose own story drew attention to the issue, receives 20 letters and dozens of phone calls every day from other "in-

By Clare Daly

Swords Militant Labour

to people, alcohol abuse and their own children being taken into care because they couldn't

Full support must be given to these people with proper



ister Xavier of The Sisters of Llittle Mercy

mates" each with their own counselling and compensation. tranic story - the beatings, sexual abuse, dogs being set lose on small children, developing sexuality punished as evil. an unending saga of wanton cru-

The courage of the victims in coming forward is to be commended and admired. Many have carried their scars all their lives, physical and emotional. reported psychiatric problems, difficulty in relating

A serious investigation must be conducted and those respon-sible made to account for their crimes. But the real issue that needs to be tackled is, how was this allowed to go unchallenged for so long? Is it really a legacy of narrow minded inward looking Ireland of the past, or are there similar features existing

Goldenbridge and its fellow institutions were the result of

society's attitudes to children who did not have a conventional up bringing, or a secure family life. The fundamentalist bigots who today campaign against divorce and rant about the importance of the family, hark back to the "good old days" without the "corrupting influence" of television and womens' rights. The good old days never existed. The same problems were there, they were just kept locked away in institutions, out of the public view.

The state has to share the blame and learn the lessons. It was willing to leave these childran hidden away in the care of religious orders without any check or accountability. Most of the children were not there because they were orphans but because of the difficult economic circumstances of their families, or prejudice against single mothers. Rather than assisting these families it was cheaper to hand over their children to the religious orders. It suited the Catholic Church as they had more control, and were deemed to be above the law,

Now, over 40 years later while the monolithic orphanages are gone, the needs of many children are still neglected. 3,000 young people are in care, 750 of those in smaller more humane residential units. the rest in foster homes.

But the statistics ignore the increasing numbers of young homeless, victims of family breakdown, unemploymentand poverty. Many of them came from care units or foster homes, These young people are hidden away from society's view - 1990s style - on the streets often abused, emotionally disturbed, turning to crime and drugs



There have been three major enquiries into the system's failure to protect children in recent times, but no action has been taken. The only way to tackle these problems is for massive investment into identifying problems in the home, and providing the necessary proper back up services. For example the IMPACT union, have taken industrial action against cutbacks and for the provision of two full timeemer gency units, with trained staff for young people who are on

If the state is serious about its concern for what went on in Goldenbridge, then these resources must be put in now!

"I HEREBY relinquish full claim forever to my child and surrender the said child to sister 'X'....I further undertake never to attempt to see, mterfere with, or make any claim to the said child at any future time.

This was the form used to separate 1,800 Irish babies from their "unmarried mothers" and send them for adoption in the United States between 1949 and 1973. The forms were accompanied by a letter of recommendation from their priest (most were Catho lic), and a recommendation from the Catholic US charity in charge of venting the prospective parents.

It also seems to be the case that the children's names were changed and their birth certificates falsified. The files discovered in the National Archives may only be the tip of the iceberg. The Health Boards may also have extensive files of the same ter, and the files of Industrial Schools, where 70,000 children were sent between 1900 and 1970, probably contain many more cases of the exportation of the Irish Catholic State's "unwanted" children.

How many more horror stories are there, yet to emerge from the viciously cruel, savagely intolerant state which the bishops, with the collusion of the politicians, imposed on Irish society in the past?

THE KEY COMMUNITY ACTION, TO FIGHTING DRUGS CRISIS

DUBLIN'S DECADE old drugs epidemic has reached crisis proportions. Last Summer in six weeks twelve young people living in the north inner city died as a result of drug abuse. In response the Inner City Organisations Network (ICON) organised a march on the Dail.

By Jacqueline Clarke

Placards carried on the march read: "Death the only escape from dealers", Noonan ifit were your children you'd act quick er", "Stamp out the dealers not our kids'

Following the march so many groups contacted ICON that they called a meeting, out of which came the Dublin City-Wide Campaign on Drug Abuse. It involves representatives from many of the communities most affected, the trade union and voluntary sectors, and workers from drug abuse projects.

The Campaign decided to hold a Forum, "Fighting Back To-gether", at which communities and unions could unite around vital policy and action issues. Three working groups, Health. Education and Justice were charged with discussing the situation and outlining broad demands for discussion at the It is generally agreed that: The drugs crisis cannot be resolved without the participation of the communities most

affected. The criminal neglect of the crisis and the piece-meal approach of successive Government

the past must be replaced by a comprehensive and integrated policy and action and services in all areas at both national and local levels. The Government must take responsibility for ensuring co-operation among departments and agencies

•Integrated services for drug

pitals:

*Crisis/assessment centres with 24-hour access.

•Residential centres for drug

A Health Research Board Report showed that of those receiving treatment for drug abuse in Dublin in 1994, 80% were unemployed, 64% left school without minimum education. 27% lived in the north or south inner city and 92% were between 15 and 39 years of age. users and after care facilities

•HEALTH

for former users.

users in locally based, properly funded and run treatment facilities. These to be set up in consultation with communities: facilities to be attached to hos-

> communities and in the workplace.
> • All programmes must be relevant to the local communi-

·Support for families of users

•The lack of a drugs education

programme is a scandal. There

must be one for students at all levels. And also for parents,

JUSTICE

• EDUCATION

· Because the conditions for the drugs crisis are poverty and unemployment neither the drugs crisis nor its effects can be resolved by "law and order" methods alone - contrary to what recent Government proposals suggest.

The imprisonment of the biggest dealers must be a priority for the courts, the Gardai and the revenue Commissione Court procedures must be speeded up.

•Treatment must be available

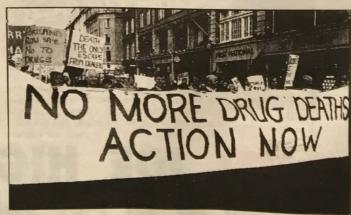
in prisons. The estate management of the Dublin Councils and Corpora-tion must take responsibility for getting dealers out of com-

munities.

IS IT A BIRD, IS IT A PLANE, NO ITS OUR HIGH FLYING TANAISTE

SOMEONE SHOULD do the taxpayers a favour and make Dick Spring a present of an Irish Rail timetable with the Dublin-Tralee-Dublin service highlighted in bold red. The flying Tanaiste used the Air Corps fleet 36 times for internal ministerial flights last year. On 12 of these jour neys he was the only passen ger flying to and from his Kerry constituency.

It costs £1,200 an hour to keep Dick in the air. So far this year Spring has clocked up £47,300 worth of trips.
One trip to Washington cost £16,500, another to Tel Aviv cost £12,500. In all keeping the government airborne h cost £100,000 in the first two months of this year, this doesn't include fares on regular commercial air servic



MASSIVE DEMONSTRATIONS have swept Northern Ireland since 9th February. Possibly upwards of one million people in Ireland took some form of action to demonstrate their opposition to any return to violence. It was this mighty movement that forced the government and the sectarian politicians to restart the peace process. It has also stayed the hand of the paramilitaries.

A turning point has been reached. People have sensed their decisive power and influence over events. The politicians will not be entrusted with handling the peace process again. The notion of maintaining pressure on them is widespread as is the idea that we need other voices which repreent the working class at a talks

The three weeks of protests following the IRA bomb will find a secure place in the annals of modern Irish history as one of the largest and crucial mass movements. A glimpse of where real muscle lies - not in the guise of politicians, paramilitaries or evengovernments, but in the hands of the working class and youth when united as one - was clearly revealed.

mostly working class people that pushed the government and the local parties to make a move on political progress after 18 months of stalling. But it remains to be seen how far sectarian politicians are capable

• For an immediate resumption of the ceasefire.

♦ No Loyalist retaliation.

• No barriers to talks between the parties.

• Include the organisations of working class people

♦ Build a socialist alternative to fight for peace with

or willing to go.

The two governments - John Major's and John Bruton's finally set the date for all party talks for 10th June 1996 at a joint press conference. At the same time they announced the beginning of 'proximity talks', involving all the parties, except Sinn Fein, on Monday 4th March. Monday 4th March when it came turned into a pantomine.

Sinn Fein were outside demanding to get in, the DUP and the IIUP (unionists), refused to attend, the SDLP, although there, refused to talk to any-

Even if there is a new ceasefire, and all the parties, including Sinn Fein are involved in talks, there is no way that these sectarian politicians and the two governments will come up with a lasting solution to the conflict.

The option which seems a possible result of all party negotiations is a new power sharing administration - with power shared between the unionist and nationalist political elite.

These people will leave sectarian division as entrenched as ever. To maintain its position, each party would continue to enthusiastically wave the sectarian card. It would be prone to breakdown and would inevitably collapse at a later stage, most likely into an even more bloody conflict than we've seen in the last 25 years.

The elections in May will be another sectarian headcount unless working class candidates and a working class list is

SPEAKING AT a rally in the North, Chris Hudson of the "Peace Train" called for the

Internment was introduced in 1971 and led to widespread repression in Catholic areas. It did

nothing to bring peace, never mind a just solution to the causes of the conflict. Hudson is an Executive member of the Dublin Trades Council. Like some other trade union leaders, Hudson has been completely one sided in his calls for peace, ignoring the sectarian politicians and the Tory government's role in undermining the peace process. We believe that Hudson should be asked to explain himself in his union the CWU, and on Dublin Trades Council.

put forward. Instead of sectarian bickering, division and conflict we want working class unity and a solution to the national question.

Capitalism offers no solution. Neither a capitalist Northern Ireland, nor a capitalist united Ireland will satisfy the conflicting aspirations of the Protestant and Catholic communities.

We believe that a socialist Ireland and a socialist federation of Britain and Ireland on a free and equal basis is the only way forward to a democratic resolution of the 'border' que tion.

But to put forward this pro gramme requires the development of a new political movement of the working class. A new socialist party needs to be built - not just to fight election but to mobilise Protestant and Catholic workers against health cuts, redundancies, poverty and injustice.

This is why Militant Labour have demanded that trade unions, community organisa tions, womens' groups and youth groups be included in the talks. One way to achieve this is for trade unions and trades councils to take the initiative and organise with other groups representing working class people to stand in whatever elections take place prior to talks We believe they would receive a considerable mandate.

The movement of working class people on the streets is the key factor that can save the peace process. Now is the time to go much further.



RENEW THE **CEASEFIRE NOW**

MARTIN MCGUINNESS has now said that Sinn Fein is prepared to go back to the IRA and ask for a renewal of the ceasefire. Militant Labour has never supported the military campaign of the IRA but there is absolutely no justification now for it to continue.

The breaking of the ceasefire "must go down as the most stupid, bhukered and ill-conceived decision ever made by a revolutionary body anywhere before in history." Not our words but those of IRA pri on-er Joe O'Connell, written in a British prison cell and published in An Phoblacht - Re-

publican New .

If the IR A continues its cam-

the most limited objectives of any military empaign in history. The date for all party talks has been set. If there is a ceasefire, the two governments have said Sinn Fein can take part in talks without any pre-condi-tions, although there will be an election before talks.

What is the point in continuing a military campaign to achieve "negotiations for a set-tlement to the conflict", i.e.

talks? The "armed struggle' was initiated in the 1970s, against a background of a mass revolt of youth in the Catholic areas, with the intention to force a speedy British withdrawal. It failed, the idea of driving the British out has long been aban-

If the campaign continues now it can only achieve a deepening of the split that already exists in the Republican movement, and the isolation of Sinn Fein. The only people who will benefit are the sectarian bigots both sides.

The idea that the campaign can be confined to Britain is a dangerous illusion lnevitably there would be a lovalist reaction and the danger of an all out sectarian con-

flict

No doubt ac tivists in the Reublican movement have been deeply disillusioned by the lack of progress over the last 18 months. Gerry Adam's alternativeof a broad naionalist alliange as proven as much a cul de sac as the "armed struggle."

One of the most positive features of the efire was the politics which began to develop in Protestant working class areas. If people in organisations like the Progressive Unionist Party had not been faced with a unified bloc of nationalists but with working class republicans concen-

introduction of internment

processes could have gone much further

A united class movement could have - and still could be re-built. The way forward for Republicans is to abandon nationalist 'solutions', including the impossible objective of a capitalist united Ireland. This does not mean accepting the status quo, including the present state. Instead Republicans could play their part in common struggle with the Protestant working class for a socialist solution

MILITANT LABOUR FIGHTING FOR A VOICE FOR WORKING PEOPLE

"NO GOING back" has become the official chant of the ordinary people of Northern Ireland. This silent majority, which has endured 25 years of sectarian violence, is now making its voices heard again. Just as they did in response to the atrocities of 1993, people are taking to the streets in their thousands.

The No Going Back initia-tive was taken by Militant Laour, Youth Against Sectarianism and the Young Socialists in response to the bomb in Canary Wharf on February 9th.

Since then we have mobilsed thou ands across Northern Ireland. At our first rally in Belfast on 14th February 400 people turned out to listen to Militant Labour, Youth Against ectarianism and Belfast Trade Council speakers put orward the demands of the No Going Back campaign

Since then rallies which mobilised 4,000 in Omagb, 500 in Cookstown and 400 in Magherafelt have been initiated by our members. Our members also helped mobilise the magnificent turnout of 5,000 which took to the streets of Derry on Tuesday 13th February.

These rallies have shown the willingness of ordinary people to affect the peace process and the potential that exists for unity among the working class.

We believe that pressure must be brought to bear on the trade union movement to dr up contingency plans, should violence return to the streets of Northern Ireland. The rally organised by the Irish Congress of Trade unions on Friday 16th February, which attracted 15,000 could have been man times that number if the ICTU had combined the rally with a half day general strike.

Thousands have signed petitions supporting the demands of our campaign and we have raised cash to finance our ongoing activity.

The next stage of the cam-

paign is to ensure our message is taken into the working class areas and into workplace to broaden support for the cam-



said that the water charges

movement had helped him fi-nally 'come out' as the 'mtli-

tant' he'd always been inside.

Many times he found himself

listening to so-called politi-

cians, including the President,

for up to thirty minutes at a

time, only to ask himself after-

wards: "What did they actually

say?". In contrast he thought

Joe Higgins was an honest man.

someone who the Councils fear

and consider a 'terrorist'. Lau-

rence said he was happy to see

so many young people at the

rally and looked forward to can-

vassing in Ballyfermot be-cause: "It's a working class

area and we'll be playing at

P.J. Madden, General Secre-

tary of the Irish Nurses Organ-

isation, spoke to endorse Joe's

campaign. "I would need two

hours to put forward all the

reasons why I'm glad to be

here." P.J. explained that there

was now no difference between the established political par-

ties. The extent of the sell-out

of the Labour Party was shown

by their abandonment of any

public service job creation at

precisely the time when, con-

MILITANT LAROUR'S Annual Conference took place in Wynn's Hotel Dublin on March 1st and 2nd. One hundred people attended the Rally which launched our election campaign for the Dublin West by-election, Kevin McLoughlin reports:

The atmosphere was electric. Unlike meetings of the socalled left parties and movements, this rally will be remembered because of its humour, dynamism and the optimistic way it dealt with the real issues affecting working class



Nurses Organisation

people

Joe Higgins summed it up.: No bunch of people are more eagerly awaited in Dublin West than the politicians, particu-larly Labour and Democratic Left. We are going out in this by-election not to spit in the wind nor to make some feeble impact we are going out to

He pointed out the intention of turning the by-election into a referendum against the water charges, which could also be a focal point for all the pent up discontent people feel. "Our message will be simple, what's the use in voting for another member of the establishment parties, when the 160 or so already in there can solve none of the problems we face

Laurence Doran an ex-Guinness worker, now a pensioner also spoke. He had just been issued with a water disconnect

sidering the economic situation, such job creation was entirely possible. Instead this Government was putting the boot into workers, particularly the nurses at the moment.

He pointed out that the trade unions were the very willing co-ordinators of a cosy cartel of employers, the political parties and themselves. That there had been a complete change of government, organised by this cartel, without any election, which was a subversion of democratic rights!

P.J. felt from his experiences, that these people viewed Militant Labour as the 'fringe' but in reality it was they who were out of touch. P.J. said Militant Labour was becoming a 'loud voice' and was essential to the dynamic of politics in this country. He was proud to be a friend of Joe Higgins and associated with Militant Labour.

These speeches as well as that of Alan McCoombes were greeted with enthusiasm by the one hundred people in Wynn's Hotel. All felt it was the perfect start for what promises to be an eventful campaign. Watch this space.

CONFERENCE DISCUSSIONS

IT WAS incredible that so much political discussion and debate was packed into just one day.

This Government and the canitalist system it represents were denounced by many speakers. However what was most significant was the many constructive policies and suggestions to alleviate problems like unemployment, poverty and the crisis in health and education. Conference unanimously passed a motion calling for the public ownership of the banks, financial institutions and the key areas of the economy to A WHOPPING £3,500 was raised at the Militant Labour Regional Conference towards our appeal for a new printer. Many thanks to all our members who contributed.

This was magnificent, some members gave donations, of £300 and

£400. However we are still only half way there, we need to raise £6,000 so if anyone hasn't yet contributed they should do so now. The acquisition of this printer would raise the work of Militant Labour to a higher level and will be particularly important as we move into the Dublin West by-election campaign. It is crucial that anyone who gave an IOU pay it in the next number of weeks, time is not on our side with the Dublin West by-election looming.

only way to take on the vested interests, the profiteers and their creed of 'competitiveness' which is destroying the lives of working-class people. Militant Labour is now the only organisation that consistently de fends and advocates a socialist solution to the crisis in society.

Two statements were agreed by Conference. The first entitled, "Combating the Drugs Crisis" put forward ideas on legalisation of cannabis, how clinics can effectively deal with State to do anything meaningful and a society in social decay. The second statement was Militant Labour's electoral strategy. Conference committed itself to go all out for the Dublin West by-election and to stand Clare Daly in Dublin North and Mick Murphy in Dublin South West in the next general and local elections.

Manus Maguire from Belfast Militant Labour brought greetings to the Conference and there was great interest in his report on the current situation in the peace process and particularly on our 'No Going Back' campaign and the recent strikes and demonstrations of workers. Conference got messages of support from many different sections of our international movement including Britain, Nigeria, South Africa and Swe

Conference finished on a very confident note. The mood was that Militant Labour through our work in the unions, on the water charges and among young people, had massively increased our level of support among the working class. With the correct approach Militant Labour can not only grow quickly but is in a unique position to assist in the building of a broad left movement in the years ahead.
The following were elected

to the Regional Committee: Clare Daly, Joe Higgins, Michael Murphy, Susan Fitzgerald. Dermot Connolly, Kelleher, Joan Collins, Sinead Daly, Kevin McLough-lin and Mick Barry. Elections will take place in Militant Labour branches to fill the remaining positions.



Siobhain Daly, Cork Militant Labour speaking at confern create the basis for a socialist plan of production to end unemployment and poverty." This policy is not in any way lip-service to a past socialist tradition but we believe is the

hard drug addiction and how to and how to destroy the drug pushers' market. It has also put the growing drug crisis in its correct context i.e. the inability of the Government and the

DURING A visit to Canada in January, I was able to see first hand the crisis that is unfolding. The numbers of people, including young people, begging on the streets in the cities of Toronto and Montreal was quite shocking.

By Joe Higgins Blanchardstown Mili

I was in Canada as a guest speaker at a conference in Montreal called jointly by the Ontario Coalition Against Poverty (OCAP) and the Quebec Committee of the Unemployed. These are organisations of community and rank and file trade union activists, mobilising against the cuts and defending those hardest brt. They have played an outstanding role in organising opposition to the Conservative cutbacks in Ontario and against the Nationalist Party in Quebec, which is also in power with a programme

of cutbucks. These groups have close links with key sections of the trade union movement, especially at local level and do joint

impaigning.
At the Montreal conference.

attended by 400 activists, it was agreed to launch the Cominon Front/Le Front Common as a Canadian-wide coalition to unite all those campaigning against both provincial and federal attacks on working class people

A broad manifesto was agreed to which a very wide stratum of groups and trade union branches could affiliate. It commits the Common Front to a united fight back against all cuts and attacks on the poor and on living and working con-

I was very impressed by what I saw and heard. I believe there are important lessons we could use here in Ireland. The antiwater charges campaign could be a focal point to unite work-ers and the unemployed for example, to launch a general fightback on all the issues that face working class people

THE CONSERVATIVES, under the Prime minister of the province of Ontario, Mike Harris, have em-barked on a programme of cutbacks in the public ser-vice sector and social welfare benefits. They plan to axe 28,000 public sector job one third of the total num-ber of public sector workers in the province! They have axed certain social welfare penefits by 21%, driving a whole stratum of low income people towards destitution with big increases in threat ened evictions for inability

to pay rents.
On Saturday 24th February a massive rally of 120,000 took place in the Canadian city of Hamilton. movement in the province of Ontario. It was the biggest working class demon-stration in Canadian history and was directed again it the Conservative Party provincial government which took office last September.

The day before a general strike took place in the city, with large sections of the steel industry, transport and postal service closed down.

uon order by the courts but Lisa Maher, Tallaghs Militans Labour as conference HUNDREDS VOLUNTEER FOR GENERAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN

THE IDEA of turning the Dublin West by-election into a referendum on the water charges is going down

By Fiona O'Loughlin

At a water charges meeting in Mulhuddart, one man said "I was one of the three quarters of a million gobshite that marched down O'Connell Stin 1979, we let them stop us then, we went so far and then let the Government off the book. The working class don't realise their power. Now is our chance to screw those who screwed un". There were over 300 in at-

tendance at this meeting. The announcement of Joe's candidature was greeted with enthusiasm. Over 40 people volunteered to work in the campaign.
47 copies of Militant were sold by two members in fifteen minutes. In March an Ann Water Charges meeting in Palmer-stown had over a hundred in attendance the by-election was discussed in detail and a number of people agreed to help in the campaign, fifteen papers were sold.

At special Militant Labour meetings held in Blanchard-stown, Lucan and Palmerstown, over 150 people have signed up to help in the campaign. More meenings are planned for the next few weeks. We have had people from outside the contituency signing up to work from areas like Tallaght and swords. We intend to have hundreds of local activists working in their own areas and other parts of the constituency.

Militant Labour is a fighting socialist organisation. We are active North and South and are part of an International organisation with members in more than thirty countries. Members strive to build M.L. around the following goals;

around the following goals,

★ Fight against unemployment, job cuts, poverty and attacks on the welfare system and workers' rights.

★ Build the unity of the workershall former of

ing class - fight all forms of discrimination and sectarian-

* Break the co-operation bewhich the cooperation oc-tween the Labour movement and the capitalist parties - for a fighting leadership that repre-sents the working class.

† Plan the economy for peo-ple's needs not for profits, un-termediate control of the con-tractions control at our

★ For workers unity North and South, for socialism in Ireland and Internationally J. in Militant Labour, P.O. Box 3434 D.S. Ph. (01) 6772686

STAND UP FOR YOUR RIGHTS CAMPAIGN NEWS

DON'T PAY WATER CHARGES

"The Council say I owe money for water charges. I do not believe I owe this charge. I believe that I have already paid for this service and that this charge is double taxation.

"I have been paying my due taxes for 45 years. I have no choice as PAYE tax was taken from my wages and after I retired PAYE was taken from my pension. The PAYE tax payer is paying for everything in this country while the big farmers, wealthy self-employed and super-rich in this country get away with tax evasion.

"During the last eight years PAYE taxes collected from farmers and from the wealthy self-employed have fallen. If the wealthy paid their due taxes, PAYE tax payers would not be asked

topay double taxand I would not be before this court.

"The PAYE tax payer had to pay millions for the Beef Tribunal but no beef baron was brought to court. Instead we are asked to pay the £105 million fine imposed by the EU due to the fraud. How can this be right? This money would pay service charges all over the country for two years.

"Nobody has ever been jailed in this country for tax evasion. The rich tax evaders have been given two tax amnesties. The last amnesty in 1994 wrote off £500 mil-

lion but the Revenue Commissioners report huge amounts of tax outstanding in 1995. These people are laughing, while people like me who always pay our taxes are brought to court. That is very unfair. The water tax is an unjust tax and PAYE tax payers should not pay it."

Laurence Doran, a retired worker from Greenhills, speaking in Rathfarnham Court on February 22nd. People faced with water charges bills will be amused to see Ivan Yates working himself up into a real storm of indignation over Larry Goodman and the beef barons. Yates was angry that he EU wouldn't reduce the £100 million fine for fraud in the beef industry, and thought it would be a good idea to have a go at Goodman, even suggesting that the beef industry would be better off without him. Good-

man that is, not Yates.
In his desire to deflect the anger of taxpayers who are going to have to foot this £100 miltion fine. Yates forgot that Goodman, like all good businessmen, has been funding Fine Gael for years, to the sune of £60,000 in one year alone, 1988, according

to Goodman

Goodman also revealed that since the Beef Tribunal, a leading fundraiser for Fine Gaet made three approaches to him for cosh, one of them only two weeks before the Beef Tribunal report, and another two weeks after it What does all this reveal?

Nothing new, big business have had the politicians in their pockets for years. That's how they ensure that governments act in their interests, with tax, breaks, grants, rezonings, tax amnesties, and the occasional cover up like the Beef Tribunal when necessary. Goodman, like any good businessman, knew that it was no good just buying the support of one party, you have to buy all of them.

★ AFTER FOUR months of dragging people to special courts, protected by massed Gardai, at tax payers expense, the Councils have succeeded in getting disconnection orders against just thirteen people who were legally represented by the Campaign. These cases are all being appealed to the Circuit Court.

★ Judges have given contradictory rulings on legal arguments presented by barristers on behalf of the Campaign, and the Campaign has now submitted a case to the High Court for a ruling in these areas. While there is no guarantee of winning such a case, it will further frustrate the Councils' attempts to intimidate non-payers.

★ For the first time in years, no water disconnections took place anywhere around the country in 1995. We believe this has been due to the mass campaign in Dublin.

* If the Councils attempt disconnections, the Campaign will stop them as we did at the end of 1994. This we did by peaceful mass protest, denying the Council access to the stop-cocks on the pavement. Even if there is a disconnection, the Campaign can reconnecta water supply within minutes.

* The Councils are lying when they say their intimudation and threats are working against mass non-payment. They won't release the real figures, why not?

* They have increased artificially the numbers of people claiming waivers by 300% in each Council area, to try and make the figures for those not paying look smaller.

* No matter what they do to cook the books, the fact remains, 50% of all households are not paying or are entitled to a waiver, and a tax which is not paid by more than 50% is unsustainable and will have to be abolished.

★ The government is paying £350,000 for a study on a replacement to local charges. Another waste of tax payers' money. Brendan Howlin, Labour Minister for the Environment has already said "the options likely, are to bring back rates in one form or another."

other.

* The Federation of Dublin Anti Water Charges Campaigns is opposed to the reintroduction of rates in any form. They demand that local authority funding be provided throughan adequate Rate Support Grant.

SIPTU OPPOSES SERVICE CHARGES THE COUNTRY'S biggest trade

THE COUNTRY'S biggest trade union, SIPTU, has come out clearly against service and water charges. Below we reprint a letter which SIPTU has circulated to all branch secretaries.

Dear Colleague,

Attached please find a summary of SIP-TU's position as endorsed by the National Executive Council in January,

1996. The summary reflects the content of various conference motions adopted by both the two founding unions, and SIPTU itself, in relation to service charg-

In briefthe position we have adopted is: We oppose the application of service charges on the grounds that:

charges on the grounds that:
(a) they are a form of double taxation on
PAYE workers

(b) they are applied on an indiscriminate basis without regard to level of use of the service or personal circumstances our grievances in this respect fall to be dealt with by an overall revision of the taxation systemwhich overburdens PAYE workers.

Please ensure that our policies in this respect are made known to the member-ship.



"THE LABOUR Party's vote is in big trouble, we won't pay taxes on the double!", roared 50 anti water charges protesters, they were touring the party offices of the Government partners. 75 year old pensioner, Jim Campbell, was with us. He had a disconnection order given against him in Rathfarnham District Court for taking a stand and boycotting the charges. A letter was presented to each party, condemnig them for imposing the double taxation water charges, while using our taxes to pay the £100 million EU fines for the tax dodging beef barons.

BUILD THE CAMPAIGN IN YOUR AREA

WITH APPROXIMATELY 10,000 members signed up by the end of February, the Federation of Dublin Anti Water Charges Campaigns already has more members than all the political parties in the Dublin area. It is extremely important that over the next couple of months the campaign is strengthened at local level.

Local action groups must be established in all areas and local activists must be in constant contact with one another. This is necessary in order to build the sort of solidarity on the ground which is vital if disconnections are to be resisted.

Already local action groups are up and running in some areas and activists meet on a regular basis in order to plan local actions and activities. Many of the people who form the backbone of these groups have never been involved in any form of political activity before.

In areas where local action groups do not yet exist activists who have been building Campaign membership and distributing Campaign literature should take the initiative in beginning their establishment. All that is involved is that someone book a room in a local pub or community centre (or even someone's sitting room) and invite other activists along to a meeting. As well as the obvious items for discussion such as building the membership and developing a profile for the campaign in the area, others should be considered include the stepping up of pressure on local politicians (pickets/lobbies of clinics etc.), letter writing campaigns to local and national media and contacting radio shows. As the group begins to meet on a regular basis and as confidence develops, other ideas will come forward. The local action group should elect a convenor to liase with the area co-ordinator.

It is through this type of on the ground organisation that our campaign will be ultimately successful. The politicians and council officials will have no answer to such a level of solidarity. When it does come down to resisting disconnections, it is local solidarity which will win. Don't want for someone else to take the initiative in your area. Go for it yourself!

This article has been reproduced from Water Charges News, the bulletin of the Federation of Dublin Anti Water Charges Campaigns

PROTEST

Saturday April 20th Assemble Parnell Square 2pm

This is your chance to show your anger at these charges. All residents' and tenants' associations, community organisations, trade unions, anti-water charge groups and individuals are invited to participate. Bring banners and placards.

CAMPAIGN HOTLINE 8729163

If you haven't yet joined the Campaign, send a postal order for £2.50 (or more) to P.O. Box 4534, Dublin 1 and your membership card will be posted to you.

Send a donation, organise a fundraiser

Every donation, small or large is vital to enabling the campaign to be effective. We appeal to individuals, residents' associations, community organisations, trade unions etc., to please send a donation. Anyone can organise a fund-raiser - a coffee morning, a disco, a social, a pub quiz, a sponsored parachute jump... For advice or assistance contact the Federation.

DUBLIN WEST BY-ELECTION O

DUBLIN

JOE HIGGINS has been selected to stand as the Militant Labour candidate in the Dublin West By-election, which will take place on Tuesday April 2nd. He has also been endorsed as the anti water charges candidate by the Federation of Dublin Anti Water Charges Campaigns.

In the following interview Joe explains how he sees the By-election as a great opportunity to help defeat the water charges, and also how it could be a significant step in the creation of a new, genuinely socialist political, movement which would really represent working class people.

A UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO ROCK THE POLITICAL ESTABLISHMENT

will be raising as part of your campaign?

ple in Dublin West have been mounting a massive campaign against the unjust double taxa-This has been a part of the biggest campaign seen in many years in the Dublin area.

'This is a never to be repeated opportunity for them to regisa massive rejection of the parties that have imposed this double tax. It is an opportunity to register a huge protest vote and lay the basis for a political defeat of the water charges. I will also be standing as a social-ist in opposition to the same parties whose policies have totally failed to address any of the issues that face working class people in Dublin West and else-

You have been chairman of the Campaign for the last two years. Is there a real anger on this issue?

The water charge is not just an unjust new local tax in itself but it raises the whole issue of injustice in the tax system.

PAYE work squeezed again and again while the super rich and big business get break after break

"There is a huge anger Left in imposing the water over

has brought out people's anger and resentment over issues like the tax amnesties, the fraud in the beef industry, with the tax payer having to pick up the bill for the inquiry at £35 million and now a £100 million fine from the EU. It is an anger against cor-

ruption in high places."

The Federation of Dublin

paigns has endorsed you as a candidate. Is your campaign a part of an overall strategy

"Yes. It will mean that the very widest sections of working class people who have boycotted the tax despite all sorts of threats will be assured that in this election there is a clear cut alternative to vote for. That is, a candidate who has a record in building the anti water charges movement and in standing with them against the threats of the Councils.

"A vote for me is a vote in opposition to the charges and the Federation sees this as an important part of the campaign to abolish them."

Are people who are in-volved in this Campaign going to come out and work for

you in this by-election?
"There are already very large numbers of people becoming involved in the campaign. This includes people who have been active in building the anti water charges campaign. They will be crucial in turning out their families, their neigh-

"On the water charges the

Green Party have totally

compromised themselves.

They were part of the un-

holy alliance with Fianna

Fail, Fine Gael, the PDs,

Labour and Democratic

charges."

bours, and generally working in the local estates People come up at the end of meetings and say, "There are five votes in my house, you have them". Peo-

ple have come to meetings and made donations of £30 to £40. There is a very good level of support. It is crucial that this is mobilised in our election campaign and I am fully confident

that this will be the case." Do you believe you can win? "We are going all out to win and there is a very realistic basis



Militant Labour Co to that. A majority of house-holders in Dublin West have supported the non-payment campaign. There are 3,500 households who have paid the £2 subscription fee to become members of the Federation. I believe this can be a huge base

of support.
"I have also been a Councillor in Dublin West for five years and will be standing on my record, going back to the days when we fought to defend Blan-chardstown Hospital, against the dump in Mulhuddart, for proper accommodation for travelling people in consultation with them and the settled community, the local campaigns against rezoning and protecting the green belt and the Liffey Valley. At present I'm involved in a campaign against a micro wave transmitter in a built up area in Blanchardstown.

These campaigns have involved at some level a huge number of people. By mobilis-ing this support we will pose a real threat to the establishment parties who believe they have the political system wrapped

An opinion poll in Phoenix magazine has shown a certain level of support for the Greens.

A MESSAGE FROM THE FEDERATION OF DUBLIN ANTI **WATER CHARGES CAMPAIGNS**

The Federation of Dublin Anti-Water Charges Campaigns is pleased to fully endorse Joe Higgins as the Anti Water Charges candidate in the Dublin West By election. Joe Higgins has been Chairperson of the Federation for the last two years and has played a key role in building the movement of mass non payment and opposition to this unjust double tax. The Federation of Dublin Anti Water Charges Campaigns calls on all its members, its supporters and those opposed to water charges in Dublin West to vote No.1 for Joe Higgins.

We fully endorse Joe Higgins' call to turn the Dublin West By election into a referendum on the charges. This is your opportunity to let the politicians who have brought in the charges know how you feel.

CANDID

be a big issue? "Yes. The Greens topped the poll in the Euro elections in Dublin without having any real base. It is a protest vote but also shows that people are deeply concerned about the environment we live in. When there is no other alternative I think people would look to the Greens for a protest vote. The situation in Dublin West is quite different. There is a very creditable alternative in this election in our

compromised themselves. They were part of the unholy alliance with Fianna Fail, Fine Gael, the PDs, Labour and Democratic Left in imposing the water tax. They are also in favour of imposing a charge per bag for refuse collection, which would also be a big burden on working class

people.

"I believe that we have been the ones to spear-head all the campaigns on crucial environ mental issues in Dublin West. I mentioned the rezonings, the Liffey Valley, the microwave

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JOE HIGGINS' RECORD



UNITED WE CAN
REAT THIS UNJUST TAY Militant Labour and Joe Higgins have been involved in organising a wide number of community campaigns on the issues that affect people in Dublin West

> have Shackleton Gardens taken over by the state as a public facility. We have shown ourselves to be the real "green" activists in a way that is relevant to the communities in Dub-

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What you are saying is that People who want a real alter-native in this election should

"Yes. That will become clear in the course of the election campaign. On all the issues without exception, our record and our programme is the one that will stand up to scrutiny, all the others will fall."

The other parties seem to be trying to exploit the issue of crime and law and order which obviously is an issue in all working class areas, how do you see this issue?

'Crime is an issue of very real concern to working people in the constituency. My own bouse has been broken into on a number of occasions. I can illafford to have anything stolen from me, I can a sure you.

"However, the approach of the main parties is totally hyp-

though in no sense do I in any way condone crime. These social roots are unemployment, poverty, the alienation of a great number of young people from

"The main parties are responsible for running and defending a system which bas created these problems. They have no solutions. I believe our campaign will outline how the local community do have the right to mobilise and organise democratically against crime, but while taking that stand, we say you have to fight for a real solution to the causes.

You have been a Councillor for five years. That should give you an insight into how the system works, how the parties operate. What is your main impression of this?

"My main impression is that the politicians are generally people out to make careers on the backs of ordinary people. That is their priority. They are not interested in mobilising communities, to empower peo-ple, to make real changes in our society. They have no interest

in struggling for a new society ing the interests of their big business backers.

"So much of what goes on in the Council is futile lip service and has no relationship to the real problems that our people have. There is no serious discussion about funding local au-thorities to provide the services that are needed."

Many people are very cyn-ical about politicians and po-

litical parties, what would you

"Well, people are cynical with very good reason. The parties have feathered their own nests and been part and parcel of a cosy cartel with the very wealthy. This cynicism is increased by parties such as Labour and Democratic Left, who talked about change, but then became part of the political establishment at the first opportunity. Militant Labour is genuinely different. People should look at our record, we have turned down opportuni-ties to become part of the establishment in order to fight for working class people. We

bour Party for this reason.

are potential

CHILD KILLERS

"I will be standing again on a pledge to live on the wage of an ordinary worker and to donate

broke with Dick Spring's La-

should be democratic planning have become a part of the esof resources to meet the needs of the people, not for profits.
"I believe in the traditions laid down by people like James Con-nolly and Jim Larkin. They were

socialists and proud of it, and the best leaders the workgin class ever had in this country.

As a socialist how do you see your role as a Councillor, and how would you see it as a TD?

"My main impression is that the politicians are generally people out to make careers on the backs of ordinary people. That is their priority. They are not interested in mobilising communities, to empower people, to make real changes in our society."

the balance of my wage as a TD to help the community organise on the issues that need to be taken up. This is a condition that Militant Labour insists upon from its candidates in any

many people who previously called themselves socialists have abandoned that position. Doyou still feelproudto stand in the socialist tradition?

"Well I think that democratic socialism as opposed to the sysem that existed in Eastern Europe is the only solution to the problems of society. There

"I think the benefit of such a position is that it gives a platform which gets you a w hearing on the key political issues of the day. By having such a position it helps give confidence to people that things can be changed, and that there is support out there for the ideas of nne socialism

genuine socialism:

"It can also give confidence to ople that you can get organised, you can take on the establishment. It will give confidence in the idea of building a mass ent to change society

You have already said that Labour and Democratic Left

MAKING A REAL DIFFERENCE IN **WORKING CLASS** COMMUNITIES

Joe Higgins is proud to stand on his record as an extremely hard working Militant Labour County Councillor for almost five years in Dublin West.

Joe Higgins is Chairman of the Federation of Dublin Anti Water Charges Campaigns and is its co-ordinator in Blanchardstown, Mulhuddart, Palmerstown, Lucan and North

Joe Higgins has worked with the local community;

- · Against rezoning and land speculation in Lucan, Clonsilla and in defence of the Green Belt and the Liffey Valley.
- · In opposition to the massive dump in Mulhuddart and for an alternative strategy with a major reduction of waste at source and
- In organising against the placing of micro wavetransmitters in residential areas because of serious concerns about damage to peoples'
- · Was a leading organiser for the renowned Shackelton Garden and Parkland to be taken into public ownership for the community - an opportunity criminally wasted by the present
- · Played a leading role in ensuring that the Blanchardstown Town Centre became a

tablishment and no longer represent the working class, are you saying we now need to build a new party for working class people?

"Yes. Labour in particular fee. Labour in particular benefited from a very big vote for change in the last general election. The people who voted for them have been bitterly disappointed. I think it's critical that a discussion is opened up rather urgently inside the labour movement, and in the working class communities about the creation of a genuine political al-

De you think that the water charges campaign can play a role in preparing the ground for a new left?

"I think the water charges

campaign has given a very wide range of working class people the understanding that the, can come together, and mobilise and organise together. I think it is not a huge step from that to seeing the need and possibility of building a new movement of working class people. I hope that there would be an openness m the anti-water charges campaign to discussing the idea, first of a slate of candidates on the service charges issue nationally in the next general election and then as part of that process creating a new left party."

You are a socialist, but

SCOTTISH SOCIALIST ALLIANCE

Alan McCoombes a leading member of Scottish Militant Labour and a key activist in the establishment of the newly formed Scottish Socialist Alliance, was in Dublin for the launch of Militant La-bour's Dublin West by election campaign and regional conference. He spoke to us about the new socialist organisation.

UNITING TO BU

What is the newly founded Scottish Socialist Alliance?

It's an amalgamation of left wing political organisations, trade unions, community groups, pressure groups, who have come together to formulate a socialist alternative to the mainstream political parties because all of them are welded to free market capitalism.

What are the basic principles of the alliance?

Firstly, to show support and solidarity with work ers, tenants and environ mental activists who are taking a stand against injustice, taking a stand to improve their living standards.

Secondly to promote a radical socialist alternative to the anarchy of capital ism which in Britain allows the richest 1% of the population own 129 times as much wealth as the bot tom 50%. We are building an ideological alternative as well as a campaigning of tornational

ot Scottish self govern ment, all the organisations involved are opposed to the situation where the Tory government can rule Scotland despite the fact that the Tories have the support of only one in ten

of the Scottish population.

What is it that has allowed these organisations that would normally be at loggerheads to reach an

There is a recognition that in the past there was too much emphasis on differences, for every acre of difference that divides the left there are a hundred acres of common ground. There has been a genuine polit-

ical convergence brought about

by changes in the national po-

litical climate in Britain. Dif-

ferent political trends have united around a clear cut analysis of the need to change society.

The Social Democrats both in opposition and in government across the world have abandoned any pretence of socialist ideas and pursued a naked Thatcherite agenda. Everything has become polarised and people recognise that for them the choice is between free market capitalism and the socialist transformation of soci-

What do you see as the immediate work for the SSA?

We will use direct action against social injustice. At the same time we will build an electoral alternative to the mainstream political parties.

Immediately we are involved in campaigns against any attempt at privatisation of water in Scotland. We are about to embark on an all Scotland campaign of mass non-payment of water bills. Also we are in-volved in a major battle in the

cities against a savage programme of social spending cuts, wage cuts, job losses - all supported unfortunately by Labour controlled Councils.

There is also the possibility in Britain because of the position of the Tories, of a general election taking place at any time. We've begun discussions on standing candidates in selected seats throughout Scot-

What is your relationship with the Socialist Labour Party of Arthur Scargill?

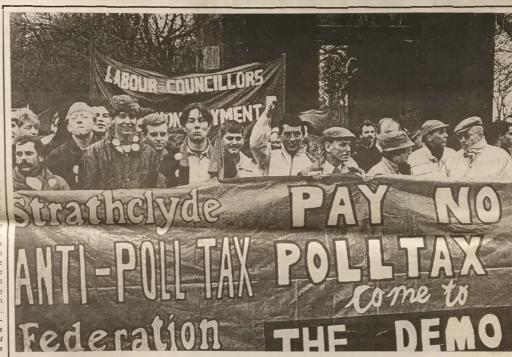
Initially we had hoped we would be able to come to some accommodation, perhaps be the Scottish wing of the SLP. Unfortunately that wasn't possible because Arthur's conception of a party is much more centralised than the type of party that we had been discuss-

> The SSA is in effect a political party, founded on federal principals. There are many long established parties in Scotland, with their own identities and traditions that are just not going to dissolve themselves into a centralised party like the SLP.

The SLP in Scotland is very small numerically in comparison to the SSA, but the leaders in Scotland are working hand in hand with the SSA, so I don't really see a problem.

What about a Scottish parliament?

A parliament e tab-lished in Edinburgh under proportional representation would, we believe, blow apart the existing party system in Scotland because there are severe tensions inside the parties. We be-lieve that the SSA can be a powerful pole of attraction for working class people in that situation, including sections of the SNP and Labour Party



The poll tax revolt has laid the basis for a renewed Socialist m

WID SOLIDARITY CAMPAIGNS

LIVERPOOL DOCKERS

THE LIVERPOOL dockers' struggle has developed an enormous wealth of international solidarity. In many cases the dockers have simply visited the waterfronts, approaching rank and file dockers and appealing di-rectly for support. The sister organisations of Militant La-your in the Committee for a Workers International (CWI) ave often played a key role n providing information, slation facilities and meetings with dockers and other

The Merseyside Port Shop tewards Committee would ke to thank the officers of he CWI for their help and fforts and would like this message to be passed onto all its affiliates. Without their help many of the things that ave been achieved could not

have been possible.

The following is a statement from the recent International Port Workers' Confer-ence organised by the strikers and an account of the what ity action which they have

"We the assembled delegates of this International Port Work-Conference in Liverpool, 17th/23th February 1996, represent port workers from aroundthe world who havegiven practical and material solidarity to the 500 sacked dockers of Liverpool.

The port is the last unionised

port in Britain. A victory for the Liverpool dockers in the

face of the Conservative gov emment's anti-trade union legislation, is a victory for dock ers and all workers. not only in Britain butaround the world

Piraeus Greece a 24-hour solidarity

threat of boycott action.

Sydney, Australia and New Zealand - continuous 24-hour blockades and go-slows on all ships using the port of Liverpool

New York - longshoremen refuse to cross Liverpool dockers' picket lines.

anary Islands - all Liverpool ships will be blockaded. Montreal, Quebec - goslows on all ships



Salerno, Italy-overtime ban and go-slow on all ships.

Stockholm Sweden - blockade of all goods from Liver-

NIGERIA

THE CAMPAIGN of repression in Nigeria by the Abacha military dictatorship continues. The latest prominent ar-rest was on February 14th of Femi Aborisade, the Nation al Conscience Party's (NCP) Director of Organisationand leading member of Militant, Nigerian affiliate of the Committee for a Workers International. Two weeks before that Gani Fawehinmi, a leading civil rights lawyer who founded the NCP in October 1994, was also placed in indefinite detention.

Femi, previously held for eight months in 1989 because of his links with the Nigerian Militant, was arrested in the NCP Headquarters during a meeting of the NCP and 13 trade union, student and civil rights groups.

The meeting was called to

discuss united action against the military and in particular to

organise a mass boycott of the bogus local government elections the government plan to hold on 23 March.

Messages of sup-port to NCP, PO Box 1114, Surulere, Lagos State, Nigeria. Copies to PO Box 256, London SE11 5TH.

ARGENTINA

THE COMMIT-TEE for a Workers International has learned of the arrest in Argentina of Horacio Panario a

leader of the unemployed and homeless people of Nequen province and a leading n ber of the socialist MAS group.

Horacio was imprisoned for his part in the occupation of provincial government buildings during a mass mobilisa-tion of the homeless last Au-

This arrest arises from the government's policy of repres-



The Committee for a Workers' International (CWI) is organisation to which Militant Labour is affiliated. It has affiliated organisations and supporters in over

> sion against left wing organisations in Argentina, against the backdrop of savage cuts in public and social spending.

Letters of protest should be sent to: Casa de Gobierno del Nequen, Calle Roca esquina Rioja, Nequen, Argentina, Fax: 00 54 99 427113, and Direccion de la Corte Supre-ma de Justicia del Nequen Calle Rivadavia 205. Nequen. Argentina

CIVIL SERVANTS TAKE ON THE GOVERNMENT

by the Civil and Public Service Union, was the beginning of a campaign to force the government to lift its embargo on recruitment. The same month saw a conference of its members unanimously reject the latest pay offer from the Department of Finance.

The executive of the CPSU gave the lead on both issues, recommending that a strong stand be made to send a clear signal to the Department of Finance, that we are sick talking and want progress on pay and the lifting of the embargo!

This lead was endorsed by a ballot of the membership, which saw an extremely high turn-out of 82% and 75% of the membership voting in favour of action. The mood of the members was also reflected in the high participation on the picket line on 21st February. This anger flows from the lack of progress during five years of negotiations on pay and grade restructuring. The latest offer. does nothing to address low pay, which was the whole rean that the union entered into

These talks recently broke down with the Government saying they could not afford to give anymore. The CPSU is new in the same position as the is to be made it will be through industrial action. The embargo just added in sult to injury, and was the final straw for the Executive Committee.

The embargo and the pay

By Terry Kelleher CPSU Executive Member

issue are linked to the Government's approach to the public sector. For far too long the trade union movement has ullowed this process to go unchallenged, i.e. privatisation of state firms, casualisation of public service jobs, contract-

ing out of work etc.
The CPSU Executive needs to have a clear strategy for industrial action which hurts the Government. CPSU members play an important role in all Government departments including revenue, agriculture and social welfare. But any action would be more successful with an alliance with unions like IMPACT and Government inspectors who also have sun-

ilar pay claims as the CPSU.

The Government are using divide and rule tactics, doing a deal with teachers, but not with the nurses. The embargo has been aimed at the CPSU membern only.

What is needed is a broad alliance of public sector work-ers to take on the government together. The CPSU can play a key role in bringing this about.

TALKS ON the viability plan between the CPSU and An Post management recently broke down, following a failure to reach agreement on aspects of the deal related to pay. The issues are now at the LRC tributual and they will make recommendations to both sides in the coming weeks. The result will

not be binding.

The CPSU An Fost Branch is still refusing top co-operate with new changes, despite a previous recommendation from the LRC to do so. The company tried to use this LRC recommendation to introduce further changes. The Branch Committee however ignored the IRC's advice and stood firm. At this stage it looks it looks like last vear's dispute will be redeveloped.



ing Unions, are preparing to take strike action over the government's refusal to concede their pay claim. The Government is hiding behind the Programme for

Competitiveness and Work,

In, exchange for this paltry offer the government wants complete flexibility between



NURSES PREPARE

FOR ACTION

26,000 NURSES, organised in the Alliance of Nurs-

cede the nurses claim it will go beyond the pay limits of that agreement. The Government have already given a deal to teachers which goes outside the tennsofthe PCW, butare afraid if they concede to the nurses, then they will have to concede to civil servants and other public sector workers.

Contrary to the campaign of lies in the media about over-paid, secure, pensionable jobs in the public sector, low pay is the norm for the overwhelming majority of public service workers

The offer from the govern ment to low pand civil rervants would give them a starting rate of £155 a week, rising to £280 a week after 21 years of service! This maximum level is £50 a week below the average ndustrial wage for male work

grades, co-operation with all new technology, which will cut jobs, and the further introduction of temporary staff.

Nurses work incredibly long hours in a very demanding and stressful job, senior nurses are highly skilled, their pay is an absolute disgrace, yet the Government are not prepared to move. They will have to be forced to do so.

What these developments show is that the PCW and the two previous national agreements have made the position of already low paid workers worse. Nurses, civil servants, other health workers in iM-PACT and Government employees are balloting or have already balloted for strike action. Rather than take on the Government one by one, they should fight them together.

ELC STRIKERS NEED **SOLIDARITY SUPPORT**

Despite the Early Learning Centre spending thousands of pounds to put lying advertisements in the Cork Examiner and Evening Echo, public support for the three and a half month old strike against low pay and for union recognition, remains rock solid.

This is shown by 3,000 people signing the strikers' petition within three days of its launch. By Mick Barry

ELC shop in the country.

Mandate should immediately taking out advertisements in the national press explaining the issues and appealing for a consumer boycott.

Mandate should also be ap-

proaching the dockers in North ern Ireland and appealing to them not to handle ELC goods. These steps must be acted on urgently by the union to ensure a victory for the strike.

Militant Labour members in Cork organised a very succesful table quiz in support of the ELC strikers which raised £400.

"We greatly appreci-ate the help from Militant Labour on the picket line and especially in organis-ing the table quiz." Helen Murray on behalf of the ELC

QUINNSWORTH AND DUNNES SHOPWORKERS UNDER ATTACK

MANDATE MEMBERS in Quinnsworth have massively rejected a Labour Court recommendation on the issues of extended trading, pay and conditions.

gave the same recommendation as in the Dunnes dispute, but with total flexibility for part timers. It would have allowed Ouinnsworth to router w staff at flat rate for bank

holidays. 95% of the workers voted against it after Mandate had recommended rejection. Shop stewards in Quinnsworth feel

of the

big

The Labour Court basically that the company will try to push the issues to a strike.

Meanwhile no progress has been made in the dispute with Dunnes. The Tribunal has collapsed after it chairman. Mo-riarty, said that Dunnes were not prepared to take the Tribu-nal seriously.

After Moriarty's experience, it has been impossible to find nomeone willing to chair the

Tribunal. Dunnes are now look ing for talks on a store by store basis, but Mandate refuse to accept this. They are demanding talks on a national basis,

The Mandate Executive have decided that if such talks are not underway by the time of their National Conference at Easter, they will redevelop the dispute into strike action

P.J. Moriarty is no friend of workers, as anyone who worked in the FSB will testify, but even he found Dunnes' anti-union attitude a bit much. This is what he said in a letter to Dunnes' representative in the talks.

Dunnes' representative in the talks.

"Your letter of 12th January 1996 is really the last straw. I have been around the industrial relations scene for over twenty five years and I consider it factless to say the least, on your part and on the part of Dunnes Stores management, to attempt to dictate to me how I should conduct the business of being Chairman of the Tribunal.

I should conduct the business of being Chairman of the Tribunal is the conclude that I could not reasonably expect the co-operation of Dunnes issue on the part of Dunnes Stores management. From this I conclude that I could not reasonably expect the co-operation of Dunnes issue on the part of Dunnes Stores management in developing a positive climate of industrial relations and staff relationships. Rather, the evidence is that I could Stores management in developing a positive climate of industrial relations and staff relationships. Rather, the evidence is that I could Stores management on 15th November last setting out my terms the arena and thus decision is final. Incidentally I wrote to Dunnes Stores management on 15th November last setting out my terms for engagement as Chairman of the Tribunal and I sought confirmation of acceptance of them by the company. While it is now irrelevant, the fact is that the letter has been ignored by Dunnes Stores management."

Yours sincerely.

P.J. Moriarty



£2,000 has been raised for the strike fund including nearly £400 from Militant Labour's February table quiz.

99% of ELC custom is staying away. To win the strike it looks increasingly likely that this multinational's profits will have to be hit hard both in Cork

and also outside the city. This can be done by teams of activists distributing the ELC strikers' leaflet outside every

MILITANT

REVIEW

SPIKE LEE'S **TEST OFFE**

SPIKE LEE'S new film Clockers is a story of drugs, drug dealing, violent crime and race. Strike, the main character, is the leader of a small group of clockers (low level street dealers who sell drugs around the clock), who "work the benches" outside the housing block where they live. The clockers work for Rodney, the main dealer in the area.

Rodney is grooming Strike to become a higger player in his operation. Strike is interested hut hesitates when Rodney explains that he wants a favour first. He asks Strike to kill a manager who refuses to allow drugs be dealt at a res-

Strike reluctantly agrees, he goes to a bar to gather his courage where he meets his hard working brother, Vincent, Feeling the pressure Strike tells him what he is about to do, but changes the story to say that the night manager has raped a young girl, and this is the pay off. Vincent is enraged and vows to have the night manager killed himself

The manager's body is found and the clues point to Strike.

By Alan Bermingham South Dublin Militant Labour

He is picked up, but then Vincent comes forward claiming he killed the manager in self. defence. The story unfolds with the homicide detective, Rocca (Harvey Keitel), leaning on Strike and the clockers, trying to get to what he believes is the truth, that Strike committed the murder hut that Vincent is covering for him, knowing that a family man with two children, two jobs and saving to take his family out of the projects, who makes a plea of self defence will be viewed with a lot more sympathy than a clocker like

The film's strength is its ability to simply and credibly dem-

onstrate, how easy and even natural it is for young, jobless kids living in the projects, to become involved with selling and using drugs, along with the violence and anti-social behavtour that accompany it.

The only alternatives are the occasional low paid job as a fast food or shop worker, or wasting away on welfare. Here, the story reaches far heyond New York, and touches us in Dublin, Cork, Limerick and so many other towns and cities in Ireland and elsewhere.

This allows the film to affect us in a way that its contemporaries have not, Boyz in the Hood. Menace to Society and New Jack City, left us as stunned spectators witnessing something so far heyond our

experience that it was easy remain unaffected.

The dealers and usem in Clockers are luman, products of an environment which they do not control. Prightened people looking for a way out, like Vincent the worksholle, and even Strike who plays incessantly with model trains yet has only ever tidden on the subway. The struggle by hysterical parents to keep their kids safe and their community clean puts the film in a universal context, as easily understood in Ballymun or Ballyfermot as in Brooklyn and the Bronx.

Spike Lee offers no solutions, but he exposes the traps for the users and the clockers, alongside the enormous pres sures that bare down and threaten to engulf those who try to 'do the right thing' hy working hard and trying to get out.

Drugs are a symptom of a society in trouble, its social

many individual strands beginning to snap. The number of Americans taking drugs has increased every year since records began in the '50s, the war on drugs is a failure as are all the repressive police methods that have been employed. It's a time for new ideas, to quote a hero of Spike Lee -Malcom X, "A better world must be built!"



pleased to hear that nobody gets "sacked",

"fired" or "laid off" in the USanymore American workers are not even likely to be "down sized" or suffer "re engincering" Under the latest American corporate newspeak workers are

YOU WILL be

"involuntarity separated" or experience "workforce imbalance correction", "refocusing on the job mix", or 'right-sizing".

Chase Manhattan Bank, about to lay off, sorry, "vocationally relocate", 12,000 of its staff, are concerned to be seen as sensitive in how it breaks the news to its "saves", i.e. sacked workers.

A memo on management meetings with those "not selected for the new corporation" urges managers "to be supportive but not compromising" and includes advice to prevent the meeting lasting more than ten minutes.

* WHEN DEBT collector Anthony Kelly didn't get satisfaction from a Dublinbusinessman who owed £1,600 he threatened to have a private detective investigate the private life of the businessman's wife

Apart from this outrageous threat Kelly also said in a letter "you must be the most accomplished liar I have ever met and acon man.

Mr. Kelly should know about such things. He has a £30,000 bad debtwith Al Bregistered againsthimandfurther judgements for £3.64%) and £2,300 owed to printers by hisown debt collecting company.

Mr. Kelly though is not a thug and a scoundrel. He was president of the Leixlip Chamber of Commerce in 1993 and 1994, and likes to sign his threatening letter using that illustrious title

Write to reply, P.O. Box 3434, Dublin 8

AN INTRODUCTION WORLD OF BIG B TO THE WORLD OF BIG BUSINESS

INTEL 18 big. It's right up there among the most profitable corporations in the world like Coca-Cola and GM. The company has a world-wide revenue probably in excess of \$10 Billion or 10,000,000,000 -that's a lot of zeros.

Tens of thousands of workers in Intel plants across the mice processors and encurit boards. Since the end of 1994. Intel has taken on 10,000 new employees world-wide. In September of last year I became one of them.

Last month the corporation admitted that it would have to let go 1,000 of these workers, those brought in since August. In Leixlip where I was working, 234 employees who work in the PC circuit-board plant (ESSM) are now being laid off.

From the experience of working for Intel for six months, you learn how the company has an unique approach to in dustrial relations. No Intel workers can join a trade union, but in reality most of them have no wish to do so. The pay, conditions and promotional opportunities are above average for the electronics sector. Even though I've been laid off, I hold little against the company, because they're the most worker friendly company I

Most of the anger and disap-pointment you see from those leaving is not directed at Intel but rather the national and global economic conditions that they are just a part of.
The Irish government's en-

thusiasm for large bigh-tech companies to locate in Ireland is shown by the sizeable tax incentives and millions in grants given to these compa-nies. When it comes down to it, Intel could have paid the wag-esof those 234employees since September, told us all not to come into work, and still make a large profit from the state.

This country retains the sta-tus of a tax haven for big business and the labour and tradeon leaderships are failing to

drag us up to the standards of pay and conditions of average European workers. This eco

the media as growth and a job boom. But this cannot last forever, the pockets of the Irish PAYE sector are not an inexhaustible source to bribe inter-

national corporations whose repatriated profits we'll never see again

Robert Connolly 78 Kilworth Road,

FAI NOT PLAYING BALL

ANYONE WHO ever had anything to do with football in this country, as a player, coaching kids, supporting the League of Ireland, or the national team always knew that the FAI was run by a hunch of messers.

We knew it was bad, small men with small ideas, but with big egos andeven bigger appetites for expenses, first class travel, first class hotels, (even 'Gold' credit cards as has now emerged), but we never knew it could be as bad as has been revealed over the last few

Ten years of incredible success through the senior international team, should have laid the basis for a real development of the game on a new level, instead we have an absolute fiasco. The hubble has been well and truly burst, we are back to the "Good Old Days", when our international manager made his own way to the World Cup, and slept on the floor in the England manager's hotel room, when good players were embarrassed on the pitch by the lack of preparations, interference in team selection. and atrocious messing that went on around international games Those were the days when the players, outnumbered by offi-cials, sat in the back of the plane while the FAI appa rachiks sat up in first class.

Jack Charlton put an end to all that. Charlton was lucky, Ireland qualified for Euro '88, putting him in the position to run the show. But the last ten

years were a mirage, we had a good international side, we qualified for two World Cups, but hehind the screen nothing changed.

At schoolboy, under 18 and under 21 we went backwards, not forwards. The FAI now try to blame Charlton and Setters, but what were they doing? They were riding the Charlton gravy train for all it was worth, that's what they were doing.

The mess they made of selecting a new manager, and then undermining hun days after his appointment pales into insignificance with what's going on now, £8,000 used to pay off a personal loan 5200 con a personal loan, £200,000 in ticket money gone missing, dealings with international ticket touts, and an attempted cover up followed by mass resignations of the officers.

Now we have the League of Ireland clubs going to sort it out. Heaven help us. They certainly know a thing or two about dodgy accounting when it comes to ticket sales and gate

One of the reasons put for-ward for the FAl's dealings with ticket touts was that they wanted to look after the fans. Give us a break! I'm one of those people who went to ev-ery international game from the



an explosion in the numbers playing FAI is incapable of harnessing this

late 1960s up until the success years. Then I was told to fuck off when it came to getting tickets like thousands of oth-

against Latvia in the last World Cup campaign. Ticket sales weren't going well, "the suits" only wanted to go to the big games. Sean Connolly (who is no relation) had the cheek to say it was an opportunity for "all the moaners" who said they couldn't get tickets to go to

made a pledge that day never to set foot at an interna-tional game again. Now I find Ray Treacy calling for a boycott of the friendly against Russia! I've found a reason to break my pledge.

Yours fraternally, Dermot Connolly, 30 Ring St. Dublin 8

IF YOU are a worker in the Bad if you're working as an apprentice in Peter Marks you start on £1

SuperValue you're on a misera-

ble £2.25 an hour, these are the conditions that young people face

in this country'

PAY EMOLOYERS ANDUTE

IF THE working conditions and pay talked about on this page are nothing new to you, contact the campaign and have your boss OUTED!. Enter your boss for the 'Scrrooge of the month chart'. Drop us a line and let us know about your workplace. Young Left Resistance, P.O. Box 4773, Dublin 1

TELLING IT LIKE IT IS &

YOUNG WORKERS have not been slow to let our cam- mainly young people, paying them a pittance in comparpaign know how low pay affects them. Marie works in a fast food joint, we cannot name the shop worker for obvious reasons.

"I WORK in a diner on the southside, I am not going to say where because I'd probably get sacked. I only get £2 anhour, I get paid for working from five until two, but I end up waiting till about three and don't get home till ages after. So the boss gets an hour or more free work off me.

"Having to stay late to clean up is a real problem in restaurants and pubs - it's not always even just to clean up if the diner's busy. That just nor-mally means you'll be late. My friend started work at five in the evening the weekend of the Wales-Ireland match. She didn't get home till eight o'clock the next morning. The place was jammed packed with all the supporters, the busiest she'd ever seen it - but she was the only waitress on.

The boss really tries to push the idea of grades - the lowest in their opinion being kitchen porter. They want you to aspire to be a waiter if you're a kitchen porter, and a supervisor if you're a waiter - what an ambition! But even this is ridiculous because during the week I end up both waiting and doing the kitchen porter

"I'm sick of it The money is crap, I don't gethome till about three in the morning. I have to be in college for bang in nine. I've been getting into trouble about timekeeping and attendance, I spend my nights waiting tables or cleaning dishes and my days trying to stay awake in college

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"I WORK in Penneys in Dublin, the reason I work part time is because I m still at school.

"The conditions in Penneys aren't the worst I suppose. I get £3.78 an hour, which isn't that bad when I talk to my friend who's a hairdresser. She gets £1 an hour.

"Because I'm studying and working I'm generally exhausted all the time and it does my head in when people say things like "Give it up if you can't hack it". I'd be happy to give it up and concentrate on my leaving cert for the next year, but I can't because I need the money

"I'd say the reason Penneys is alright is because workers

there are in the Mandate union Whereas most of the places with bad conditions and re ally low pay, the places where most young people work

aren't unionised.

"I think there should be a minimum wage of £5 an hour though, because sometimes I don't know if it's worth it. I mean I have to go to work straight from school, which means bus fare a couple of times a day. Any books I need for school I have to pay for, as well as obviously handing up money at home. I think it's about time there was a minimum wage.

YOUNG LEFT RESISTANCE'S outing campaign was kicked off at the end of January outside Burger King on O'Connell St. We went for this place because it employs ison to the owner of Burger King who is worth a 'whopping' £31 million

really busy. People were queuing up to sign the petition against low pay and for the immediate introduction of a minimum

Next on trial was the Early Learning Centre in Henry St. This outing was in solidarity with the workers on strike in ELC in Cork This was quite a day. The Gardai decided to use article 21 of the Public Order Act. This meant that we were not allowed put up a

Despite a snow blizzard our first stall was stall, but it didn't stop us from having asuccessful protest. The word of our protest reached the strikers in Cork and had a really good effect on them.

Where do we go from here? Right now we're spoiled for choice as to who we can 'out' we've been given lots of suggestions ranging from Peter Marks to Super Value and from

By Sinead Daly ng Left Resist

the Baggot Inn to Eddie Rock ets Diner.

Its up to you to decide. Get involved in our campaign against low pay

The militant poets out in force of course it's not easy to build the consciousness of the unconscious masses lying in pools of blood and slavery and they think it's bravery that men and women go out to fight in war when they don't even know what the're fighting for it's time to settle the score rock the boat ripple the waters let it be known to our sons and daughters that your governments are not there for you or me or her or him and you'll surely drown if you can't swim in your own precomentions.

can't swim in your own preconceptions and misconceptions of the world as we pass and the ruling class will rip and tear and the poverty and famine too much to bear anymore we won't be your whore president taoiseach prime minister it's all so sinister how you preach and breach and cover up and lead us to believe that you run for us
when you run for us when you run
over us every day in everyway but
som you'll see the time will be when
reality and evolution form forces to become revolution!

Poem by Mark Cleary, South Dublin Militant Labour If you have any poems or cartoons send them in to us at The Militant Youth Page, P.O. Bax 3434, Dub. 8



WORKING FOR LEVIS ON 22p AN HOUR

UNDERAGE WORKERS some as young as 11, are paid 22p an hour to produce Levi Strauss clothing in Honduras. The factory has a contract for five years to produce 35,000 garments a week for the American multinational. Under a certificate hanging on the wall, confirming the factory has "satisfactorily completed" the demands of Levi Strauss, work 600 squashed in Honduras.

Levis' have long claimed to pioneer ethical business prac tices", their global sourcing and operating guidelines which state that 'workers can be no less than 14 years of age'. The Honduran government say that no child under 16 can work more than six hours a day. Tell

By Susan Fitzgerald

that to the 11 year old girl who started when she was 10 who said: "I am the youngest but there are other children here too". Another worker employed

more than three years as a machinist - confirmed "there are several children under 16. Some are 13 and 14."

So much for the 'ethical business practice' assurances of multinationals and govern-

WORKING FOR NOTHING

THIS YEAR approximately 20,000 school students will take part in their respective school's transition year programme.

Transition year is intended to involve students in commu-nity and project work, languages and work experience

"Transition year is a chance for pupils to develop in self confidence and can afford an opportunity to reflect on their future", according to Depart-ment of Education Inspectors.

What kind of future is on offer for you to reflect on?

offer for you to retrect on:

One of the plus sides to the
programme is that it gives students a chance to practice subjects they haven't been able to
try before because some of the
subjects are not on the Junior

By John McCamley

It can give you an idea of what area of employment or what area of employment or the college course you would like to move into. This is all very well, but when you sign up to enter transition year you don't expect to be exploited!

Work experience is said to give you the experience of working in the job you want to do after school. The experience you do get is one of total

exploitation for two weeks.
One story I heard was from someone who wanted to get

experience in electronics so he got a job for two weeks in a nics company, but ended up licking stamps and cleaning the floor. He never saw any electronics. He got paid £20 for a five day week and he was one of the lucky ones. Schools advise companies that students shouldn't be paid.

Employers have come out and said work experience is great idea, of course they would ecause it means getting free labour with no rights or any

By the way, the government now want more work experi-ence programmes in school.



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ISSUE 242

liliant is on the Internet Worldwide Web at: http://www,dojo.ie/militant/

Militant e-mail address is militant@dojo.io

MASS PROTEST AGAINS WATER CHARGES

APRIL 20TH is the day! On that Saturday, we intend to show the establishment politicians that the anti-water charges campaign is on the march.

By Emmett Farrell

We want a big, colourful, noisy parade of residents from all over Dublin with placards, banners and noise makers - whistles, drums - try two sauce-

Most of all we need people from every estate facing watercharges. Some estates are discussing area marchto join the main

march and rally.

Start preparing now. Get posters and leaflets from the Federation of Dublin Anti Water Charges Campaigns. Get your residents association or trade union to support or sponsor the march. Make your banner. Get people to commit themselves.

United we can beat the double tax.

Justice, Irish style. Pensioners get Court Orders, the rich get tax amnesties,

BLANCHARDSTOWN SAYS NO TO ESAT

Saturday April semble Parnell 20th 2pm

This is your chance to show your anger at these charges. All residents' and tenants' associations, community organisations, trade unions, anti-water charge groups and individuals are invited to participate. Bring banners and placards.

CAMPAIGN HOTLINE 8729163

WHAT AN irresponsible proposal! I'm referring to ESAT Telecom's proposal to build a 16 meter microwave mast at Roselawn shopping centre. This is to facilitate their nation-wide network of masts for mobile phone links. The proposed site is next to a large school, St Francis Xavier's, with 1,100 students and in the centre of a densely populated residential area.

There is an ongoing debate about the health risks from long term ex-posure to the abnormal pulsed microwaves emitted from the mast. ESAT claim there is no danger, but this technology is very new. Research into the long term effects is only beginning and results will not

be available for many years yet.
Without the benefit of this type of independent research it is totally irresponsible for ESATor any other company to claim that these masts are safe. In fact, due to the health risks, the location of transmitter

By Karen Allen North Dublin Militant Labour

masts in California and New Zealand is barred from residential and school areas.

ESAT however, are prepared to overlook any risks because mobile phones are big business. They are concerned only with theirown profits. Residents of the Roselawn area and parents of the school students have different concerns and have organised a campaign against the

mast.
Militant Labour Councillor Joe Higgins, organised meetings in St. Francis Xavier's school attended by over a hundred people. The group have called themselves the Concerned Residents of Roselawn. Fingal County Council refused plan-ning permission in December 1995 but their decision had nothing to do with health risks. Refusal was on the grounds that the height and location of the mast would contra-vene the County Development Plan. ESAT have appealed the decision

Further meetings have organised opposition in a number of different ways. It is important to make the maximum number of people aware of the proposals and to give them a way of voicing their outrage. A door-to-doorcanvass collected 1,500 signatures which have been given to

A report has also been commissioned from a consultant on non-ionising radiation. The report con-cluded that microwaves of a lower density would be acceptable but this is not the type of mast ESAT are planning. Residents then staged a protest outside ESAT's office. This protest, the report and the number of signatures leave no doubt about the level of anger in the area against the proposed mast.

A decision from An Bord Pleana la is due on or before May 15th. Should they overturn the refusal by Fingal County Council, the residents have let the owners of the shopping centre know their feelings. Roselawn Shopping Centre depends on local people for its business. It would obviously be in their own interest not to continue their contract with ESAT.

The residents have a number of concerns about the proposed mast. How the structure would look, the affect on property values, but the most serious question is the health risk. The people of Roselawn refuse to be used as guinea pigs to safe-guard ESAT Telecom's profit marTitle: Militant, No. 242

Organisation: Militant Labour

Date: 1996

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